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## CIRCULATION

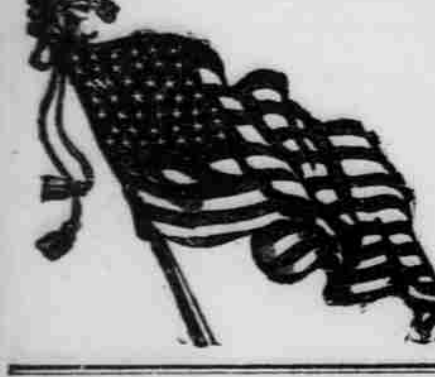
1901, average ..... 4,412  
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## MORE WAR DECLARATIONS

One of the important matters which is due to get early and earnest consideration at the opening of the coming session of congress is our relations with Austria, Bulgaria and Turkey. These countries are now and have been almost from the start the allies of Germany. They are under the control of Berlin and respond to all demands of the Kaiser in the way of war activities. Should our troops in fighting the Germans encounter the troops of these countries there would be nothing to do but fight, for with this country united in this point in the conduct of the war and the same state of affairs existing with the central powers there can be no hesitation over a declaration of war. But there are also conditions right here at home which must be taken into consideration for while there is a united feeling among the subjects of the central powers in Europe there is a good reason for believing that the same exists among those who happen to be in this country. Thus linked up, it becomes evident that while we are adopting measures and making plans for their rigid enforcement regarding German subjects, we are at the same time overlooking the subjects of the three other nations allied with Germany who can circulate freely in the barred zones and cause just as much trouble and harm as the agents of that country which according to war declarations is our only enemy. Declaring this nation to be in a state of war with the allies of Germany is action which can be anticipated soon after congress convenes.

## THE SMASHED GERMAN LINE.

Try as Germany will it is impossible for it to turn back the tide of the British smash of the Hindenburg line before Cambrai. By a magnificently executed move in which hand fighting was required even though the Germans were taken by surprise there has been accomplished not only what the Germans thought it was impossible to do but what it might have been expected to prevent. It has been preceded by what had come to be looked upon as a customary warning, the artillery preparation. That the Germans had taken away some of their troops from this point in order to utilize them in fighting the enemy before Passchendaele is probable. They may have sent some of their forces from that section of the line to assist in Italy but it stands out to the credit of the British nevertheless that they were able to find this out and to take advantage of it. Had the usual moving down of defenses by gunfire been attempted, however, Germany would have been able to have brought up reinforcements so that by the time the infantry was ready to proceed the weakened position of the forces there would have been overcome. But it was through the adoption of the new method, the magnificent use of the tanks and the courage and fighting ability of the British troops that victory was attained and the way cleared for more extensive operations in that vicinity the extent of which cannot as yet be told. It was one of the worst blows that Germany has experienced and it bids fair to result in its evacuation of a large amount of valuable territory in France and Belgium.

## ONLY AS EXPECTED.

That the American destroyers are doing their part in patrolling the war zone in European waters has been confidently believed by all who know the temperament of the navy but there is an occasional bit of evidence which is allowed to get out which does not make it necessary to guess about such a matter. There have been references made in a general way to the good work which our ships were doing but we are now informed that our destroyers are disabled by the use of depth bombs a German submarine and captured its crew of 42 men, the number of whom makes it evident that the U-boat was one of the largest of its kind. There is good reason to believe that others have been sent to the bottom by American gunners but this gives an idea of the manner in which the most ships are seeking out and attacking these vessels which have a decided advantage in being able to disappear.

But there is also good evidence of the excellent service which is being rendered by American vessels through the offer of the British to decorate a number of the officers and men. The acceptance of such honors is not permitted by this government but it does not prevent the recognition of the part which the naval men from this side are playing around Europe. This country, however, has always had confidence in its navy and its contributions are only what it has reason to expect.

## ALLEGIANCE TO UNCLE SAM.

That is not a bad example which has been set by an aeroplane plant in New Jersey where all the employees were called together and made to take the oath of allegiance to the United States. It must be regarded as an excellent move in behalf of the protection of that plant against the operation of spies and enemy agents who are bent upon handicapping the industrial activities of the country. Similar action, it is to be gathered, is to be taken in the case of all new employees and should there be any who refuse to take such an oath they should not only be refused employment there but they should be immediately reported to the federal authorities.

Should this practice be followed in other industries which are engaged upon war orders it would quickly make it possible to eliminate the dangerous element from the workmen who have an unusual opportunity to carry out the policy of destruction which has already crippled many important manufacturing establishments and taken not a few lives.

It is time that there was no loophole left for the agents of Germany to strike at the industrial activities of this country. They have had too great opportunities to stab Uncle Sam in the back already but with such cooperation on the part of manufacturing establishments with the federal authorities in keeping the enemy aliens away from such factories a material reduction of their activities should follow.

## O'LEARY'S INDICTMENT.

However much Jeremiah O'Leary may be surprised at his arrest and indictment it can only be looked upon by the citizens of this country as a logical outcome of his activities. He may protest as much as he pleases that he is loyal to this country but such protests amount to just the same as his actions. They speak louder than words. There are others who have been engaged in similar activities. There has been the publication of articles which have been intended to obstruct and which undoubtedly have to an unknown extent resulted in obstructing the military measures adopted by this country. We have witnessed this opposition to the government in speeches, we have seen it in print and we have felt it through the destruction of property and lives and it is therefore high time that steps should be taken not only to suppress those who are applying the torch or throwing the bomb but also those who are poisoning the minds of those who are susceptible to such influences. The conviction of Mr. O'Leary and others associated with him has not as yet taken place, but there is nevertheless an excellent opportunity for others of a similar mind to read the handwriting on the wall. We are going to tackle this problem in the manner which it deserves. We are going to punish the promoters as well as the tools. Sedition cannot be tolerated and the quicker those who are inclined that way can be made to understand it the better it will be for the country.

## EDITORIAL NOTES.

Whether it seems so or not we are now on the home stretch to "Thanksgiving."

The man on the corner says: It will be a courageous chap who stands forth and urges an eatless day.

There appears to be a lively lot of Turkey trotting in and about the Holy Lands just at the present time.

How are the Kaiser and crown prince going to explain this steady flow of ground on the western front to each other?

Possibly Kerensky or Kalandines will have a chance to show that a Bolshevik peace isn't worth the paper that it is written upon.

The needs of New England have been so persistently sung in Washington that the coal administrator ought to know the chorus by heart.

From the way in which the Italians are now fighting the empress of Austria might have been entirely safe in promising to protect Venice.

If it is so that German peace proposals are being carried to the Bolsheviks, it indicates that the Kaiser is ready to make peace with most anyone.

King George has raised Lieut. General By to the rank of general. It was a deserved reward for a magnificently executed and timely blow at the enemy.

Strangely as it may seem not one of the alien enemies who are forced to comply with the new barred zone requirements has thought to blame the Kaiser for it.

In the effort to save electricity proper attention has been given to that Norwich For Progress sign, the illumination of which has not been decipherable for months.

After the treatment accorded Belgians and Belgian property what hope can Italy have that the Germans will not do the same to that country if they get the chance?

Nick Romanoff has been sued for a sum of about \$3,000,000, but he will probably be glad to spend some time in a court room just to vary the monotony of his present life.

There has been some question as to whether General Sherman ever defined war as he has been said to. This appears to be fully cleared up by a search of the files of the Columbus Dispatch. There is a speech in that city made in 1850 he is quoted as saying: "There is many a boy here today who thinks war is all glory, but boys, it is all hell."

## WOMAN IN LIFE AND IN THE KITCHEN

## SUGGESTIONS FOR THE HOUSEWIFE

Always use fresh eggs for mayonnaise dressing.

Orange jelly is excellent to put into layer cake.

Before oiling a floor, be sure it is absolutely clean.

Lean fishes are usually boiled or used for made dishes.

An excellent marmalade can be made with dry peaches.

Fish should be eaten in season and when freshly caught.

Whites of eggs will beat more quickly if they are very cold.

Drained rice, when cold, can be used in making griddle cakes.

Borax and boiling water make a good disinfectant for the milk.

No cooking utensil should be put away until it is thoroughly dry.

To clean embroidery, dip a camel's hair brush in spirits of wine and brush over the embroidery until it is quite clean. The brush should be frequently rinsed in some of the spirits, to remove the dirt.

Hard water stains can be removed from the bath tub by making equal quantities of soft soap and whiting. Rub with a soft rag or flannel, wash with warm water and polish with rhamois.

The wooden skewers which come with the joint of meat from the butcher are most useful. Dampen the point with brick dust. It will reach any corner or crevice and remove stains or dirt.

The water marks on porcelain are successfully removed by saturating a cloth with kerosene and thoroughly rubbing the tub; then wash with boiling water, in which a little washing soda has been dissolved.

Baked apples, with figs or dates, is an excellent dish. Cover the apples, fill the holes with chopped figs or dates, packed tight, sprinkle with powdered sugar and bake until soft with butter and lemon juice and hot water.

BLUE AND THE GRAY.

One sees a lot of good looking day dresses in navy blue, embroidered with gray or gold-like floss. They also are trimmed with gray collars and cuffs, or gold-like floss. Other navy blue dresses are combined with an odd light blue that looks like a very light tone of washed out indigo. It is used in organdie and lawn to make collar, cuffs and insert. Besides this, instead of white, and possibly to vary it little fine striped blue and white organdie and lawn collars and vests are seen.

## GROWING SALT.

The children of the family will like this: Take a fancy bowl and fill it two-thirds full of salt. Then add four or five drops bluing to it, then cover the salt with water. After the salt becomes a little dry add a few drops of water to it each day to keep it damp. The salt will begin to grow within a week or two. If not, it was kept too wet. It will grow over the bowl and look like frost. This can be placed on a center table instead of a vase of flowers.

## HEALTH AND BEAUTY.

Use a small sponge in applying this dry shampoo and rub it well into the scalp: Two ounces of lavender water, half ounce of borax, and one and one-half ounces of orange flower water and one-quarter of an ounce of tincture of cochenille. The last and the borax are put into water, the sweet water being added when the mingling is complete.

The woman who is accustomed to a cold shower will find it a great precaution against the cold of winter. It should be taken the first thing in the morning in a well warmed bathroom. Some enjoy the tepid shower, which is afterwards allowed to run cold. The cold plunge is more taxing to the delicate woman and if a shower is impossible the cold sponge bath is its best substitute. All of these cold baths should be followed by a brisk rubbing with several courses of towels so as to insure the healthy glow which imparts a charm.

## PAINTED FURNITURE.

Charming, indeed, are the old chairs and small tables, breakfast suites, sun parlor pieces and others of painted or lacquered furniture to be found in the best shops and our up-to-date homes today.

Many of the latter are decorated by native Japanese artists, with lines and bandings of antique gold on the black or white lacquer, and with shadowy pictures on table tops and flat surfaces.

## FIFTEENTH YEAR

Attention, Farmers!

DOLLARS BONUS

For Fattest and Biggest Turkey Raised

\$10.00

Next Best \$5.00

Third \$5.00

The Bulletin proposes to capture the three fattest and largest turkeys to be offered for the Thanksgiving market in Windham and New London Counties.

They must be natives—hatched and grown in these two counties.

The Bulletin will buy the prize birds at the regular market price in addition to the prize to be awarded.

The turkeys offered for prize must have feathers off, entrails drawn and wings cut off at first joint. Heads must not be cut off.

The first prize of \$10.00 to the largest and fattest young turkey; second prize of \$5.00 to the second largest and fattest young turkey; third prize of \$5.00 to the largest and fattest turkey raised in New London or Windham Counties.

The contest is open to any man, woman, boy or girl residing in these counties. The turkeys must be submitted for examination and weighing the Tuesday before Thanksgiving at 12 o'clock.

For the largest and fattest young turkey \$10.00 will be awarded in addition to the market price. This turkey will be given to the Rock Nook Home.

To the raiser of the second young turkey in size a prize of \$5.00 in addition to the market price will be given. This turkey will furnish the Thanksgiving dinner for the Sheltering Arms.

To the raiser of the largest and fattest turkey over a year old a prize of \$5.00 in addition to the market price will be given. This turkey will go to the County Home for Children for a Thanksgiving dinner.

The judges will be disinterested persons who will weigh the turkeys at J. E. Stead's market.

All turkeys that are eligible for competition will be purchased at the market price, so any turkey raiser who enters a bird in the contest is sure of selling the bird whether a prize is won or not.

glorious tingling to the surface of the body.

Keep your hat off as much as possible. Hair cannot lie too easily or loosely for its own health and that of the nerves and head. Anything like pressure, heat or strain about the head will injure the brain and the finest parts of the nervous system. Pulling the hair up too tightly from the back of the head and ears will cause the glands of the neck to swell. Notice what a relief it is to take all your hairpins out of the hair and let it hang loose for a few hours. If you adopt an easy, artistic and natural hair dressing, nervousness will disappear and headaches will be unknown. It is only beneficial to the growth of the hair, but to the nerves of the head to wear it tied with a ribbon at the nape of the neck, free of hair pins, whenever possible.

## A LIGHT SHIELD.

An attractive shield for the side-lights in a room can be made in the following manner. Stencil a design on wire frame of a size to fit your fixture. Cut a piece of light colored silk and stretch it over the shield, allowing enough to turn over the wire at the edges. Take the silk and stretch it tight on a wooden table or drawing board. The design on the silk in pencil. Possibly you can trace a design from a piece of cretonne. Then paint the design on the silk. Sew on to wire frame and bind the edge with braid.

## WHEN SHOES PINCH.

To prevent new shoes from pinching lay a cloth moistened in hot water across the place where the pressure is felt most. Dampen the cloth as soon as it becomes cool. This will make the leather shape itself to the foot.

## DICTATES OF FASHION.

Hudson seal and velvet are beautiful combined.

It is a season of most wondrous richness and simplicity.

Black velvet skirts are worn with spangled an embroidered blouses.

Soldier and civilian—man, woman and child—all wear the wrist watch.

Black tulle banded with vivid blue tulle makes a charming combination.

Brown shoes are coming in strongly, because of the military trend.

Muff and stole of velvet trimmed with fur will be fashionable this winter.

The Mandarin sleeve was strongly featured at the recent Paris openings.

Brocades are seen in two tones of a given color, such as taupe or gray.

Sammycloth, satins, broadcloths and pique each and all are favored vest materials.

## LIME WATER.

Lime water does not look unlike the ordinary fluid which comes from the faucet. It is mildly bitter in its taste and its properties are antiseptic and astringent. It is because of this antiseptic and astringent property that it is given in milk or plain water when there is a tendency to sour stomach, or when the throat is sore or when condition is corrected and a slightly tonic and soothing effect exerted.

Unless one has an opportunity to get pure, clean lime, it is better to buy lime water than to try to make it, as it is very expensive. For this purpose, you wish to prepare it at home, take two teaspoonfuls of slacked lime and add to one pint of boiled or distilled water. The lime water for this purpose should be that prepared from marble or chalk rather than the common building lime.

## CONCERNING WOMEN.

Over 2,000 women are employed in the British admiralty office.

Women are now working in the Erie railroad shops at Cleveland.

The Krupp munition plant in Germany now employs over 25,000 women.

There are over 750,000 female workers in Russia subject to factory laws.

It is predicted that woman workers on the railways have come to stay.

Several American women have been decorated by the King of Great Britain.

## KNOB FOR KETTLE LID.

Should the knob come off the lid of a kettle, a screw should be slipped through the hole, with the head to the inside of the lid and a cork screwed on the protruding end.

## TO CLEAN BRASS.

To clean brass flower pots or trays rub them with a piece of lemon, then pour boiling water over them, and finally polish with a soft, dry cloth.

## RECIPES.

**Cheese Puffs:** Two well beaten eggs, three-quarters of a cup of flour, half a cup grated cheese, salt and pepper to taste, one teaspoon baking powder, a scant cup of milk and fry in fat. Beat the eggs well and add the milk. Sift together the flour, baking powder and seasonings, add the cheese and mix into a stiff batter with the milk and eggs. Beat well and drop by spoonfuls into hot fat. Fry golden brown, drain and serve.

**Apple Tapioca:** Pick over and wash three-quarters of a cup of pearl tapioca; pour one quart boiling water over it; cook in a double boiler until transparent; stir often and add one-half teaspoon of salt; core and pare seven apples; put them in a round baking dish and fill the core with sugar and lemon juice; pour the tapioca over them and bake till apples are very soft. Serve hot or cold, with sugar and cream. A delicious variation may be made by using half pears or canned quinces and half apples.

## LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

With Boys At Sea.

Mr. Editor: After reading over letters from Norwich boys at the front, training camps and other places where Uncle Sam is getting the wheels of his great war machine moving, I have not noticed anything concerning how the Norwich boys are faring on the sea, and I am sure Norwich is well represented in this branch of the service. I have met a number of them, some I knew before entering the service and others I did not know. It might interest a few to know how we as a whole are faring, without violating any of the censor's rules. I will try and give a fair idea of the life of a sailor as one would see it if he should be thrown into the general public in the open ground in the life and duties of a sailor as that of a soldier. The sailor cannot be seen drilling in the open grounds except in camp where he is in training, for his work is of a different type. If you should have the navy you can rely on having a different boy when he comes marching home. He'll

faces showing characteristic Japanese figures, or birds, or rustic scenes.

Base colors of soft Normandy blue, robin's egg, light "peach" and bone-yellow, old red and dull green lacquers are all most decorative when brought into use with technical phrases with black and gold decorations of this kind. A single piece, well displayed, will lend a finishing touch of distinction to a room.

## TO WASH FEATHER BOA.

Add a teaspoon of liquid ammonia to a basin of soapy water. Squeeze the boa lightly in this until all the dirt has been removed. Rinse in cold water several times, then pass through a bluing water and hang in the open air to dry. Shake occasionally until the feathers are all opened out.

## LAUNDRY HINTS.

In making boiled starch, leave a piece of soap in. The iron slips along easily and a glossy effect is obtained.

You will find that your iron won't stick if you prepare your hot starch with soapy water. This also gives a nice shine to the linens.

To keep white silk gloves from turning yellow, wash in cold water, use a little soap and add a little bluing to the rinsing water and dry in the shade.

If embroidery work, especially hand-work, is ironed wrong side up over a Turkish towel, the pattern will stand out better and there is no danger of scorching while working the hot iron around the patterns.

To sponge any fabric but satin use a soft brush dipped in gasoline or chloroform. The brush gives much better results than a cloth or sponge, and will not "ring" the fabric.

In washing chamois gloves use milkwater and rinse well. When they begin to dry blow into each finger, stretching it into shape in this way. Rub soft before putting on the hands.

To properly shrink woollens wet a cloth and spread it over the table. Place one thickness of the goods lengthwise of the sheet, and roll sheet and goods together. Then unroll and press the goods with a hot iron.

## FOR WINTER COATS.

Not all women get their coats ready-made. And those who do not are interested in selecting materials to have their coats made up. Velours, soft and thick, and velvety, are the list of fashionable weaves. One may choose most any color and any one of several good patterns. For the most part, high in favor, and these are even more expensive and finer than the velours.

These are always reliable, and in good style this year, as they were last year, and likely to be next! Zibeline are here again—slim and warm—and promise to make attractive winter wraps.

## LIME IN TEAKETTLE.

A good teakettle becomes so heavily incrust with a lime deposit, or scale, to be almost unusable. Boiling strong salt water in it for an hour or so will remove the lime so that it can be scraped out and "reduced" to its normal weight.

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